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December 19, 2025

Board of Commissioners
of Public Utilities
P.O. Box 21040
120 Torbay Road
St. John's, NL A1A 5B2

Attention: Jo-Anne Galarneau
Executive Director and Board Secretary

Dear Ms. Galarneau:

Re: Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power

On February 28, 2005, Newfoundland Power Inc. submitted a report entitled *Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power*. The report included Newfoundland Power Inc.'s commitment to report annually on the measures presented therein until otherwise directed by the Board.

Enclosed is the 2024 *Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power* report provided in fulfillment of that commitment.

Please direct any questions or concerns to the undersigned.

Yours truly,

A handwritten signature in blue ink that reads "D Foley".

Dominic Foley
Legal Counsel

cc. Shirley Walsh
Newfoundland and Labrador Hydro

Dennis Browne, KC
Browne Fitzgerald Morgan & Avis

Newfoundland Power Inc.

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**Peer Group Performance Measures
for Newfoundland Power**

December 19, 2025

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1.0 Introduction

In Order No. P.U. 19 (2003), the Newfoundland and Labrador Board of Commissioners of Public Utilities (the “Board”) ordered that Newfoundland Power Inc. (“Newfoundland Power” or the “Company”) file with the Board a report suggesting a peer group of utilities and performance measures upon which to evaluate the Company’s performance.

In 2004, the Company submitted a draft report entitled *A Report on Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power* which reviewed the Company’s initial findings in relation to utility performance measures and benchmarking initiatives. Subsequently, Newfoundland Power submitted a report entitled *A Supplementary Report on Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power* addressing questions from the Board and recommending certain additional measures.

On February 28, 2005, the Company submitted a report entitled *Peer Group Performance Measures for Newfoundland Power* (the “February 2005 Report”), which provided comparative statistical data together with an assessment of the appropriateness of the recommended performance measures. The February 2005 Report included the Company’s commitment to report annually on the measures presented until otherwise directed by the Board.

This report is provided in fulfillment of the Company’s commitment to report annually on the measures presented in the February 2005 Report. Performance information is provided through 2024.

2.0 Performance Measures

This report provides a comparison of Newfoundland Power performance measures against the performance measures of a composite of Canadian and U.S. utilities.

2.1 Canadian Utility Measures

The following measures are presented for comparing the Company’s performance against a composite of Canadian utilities:

1. System Average Interruption Frequency Index (“SAIFI”);
2. System Average Interruption Duration Index (“SAIDI”); and
3. All Injury Frequency Rate (Injuries per 200,000 hours worked).

As with previous reports, the Canadian measures are based on data compiled by Electricity Canada (“EC”), formerly the Canadian Electricity Association. In particular, the report includes data from EC’s *Distribution Reliability Annual Report on Distribution System Performance in Electric Power Systems* and *Occupational Health & Safety Statistics Report*.

The number of composite performance measures available from EC for publication is limited. As of the date of this report, no cost-related EC composite indicators are available for use in the context of regulatory reporting of peer group performance measures.

Appendix A provides comparisons of the available Canadian utility composite measures and the equivalent Newfoundland Power data.

2.2 U.S. Utility Measures

The following measures are presented for comparing the Company's performance to a peer group of U.S. utilities:

1. Total Distribution Operating Expense per Customer;
2. Total Distribution Operating Expense per megawatt hour ("MWh");
3. Total Customer Service Expense per Customer;
4. Total Administration and Other Operating Expense per Total Operating Expense (excluding fuel and purchased power);
5. Total Operating Expense per Energy Sold (excluding fuel and purchased power); and
6. Total Operating Expense per Customer (excluding fuel and purchased power).

Appendix B contains comparisons of the composite measures for U.S. utilities and the equivalent Newfoundland Power data. The U.S. composite measures are based on data from 16 utilities. For each measure, the range of individual utility results is provided.

The U.S. measures are based on information filed by utilities with the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission ("FERC"). FERC requires major electric utilities under its jurisdiction to annually file prescribed information regarding their operations based on a FERC-defined system of accounts. These filings are publicly available.

The measures for the U.S. data are presented without any adjustment for exchange rates. With the significant shifting in exchange rates over time, converting U.S. dollar figures to Canadian values would distort cost trends.

Appendix C is a list of the U.S. utilities from which the composite measures in Appendix B were compiled.

3.0 Conclusion

Ongoing concerns with data availability and quality, coupled with observed differences in the operating profiles of participating utilities, make it difficult to draw meaningful conclusions regarding the Company's performance relative to other utilities.

Newfoundland Power maintains that year-over-year trending of the Company's own data is a more useful indication of performance than comparison with available data from other utilities.

Based on the measures presented in this report, Newfoundland Power offers the following conclusions:

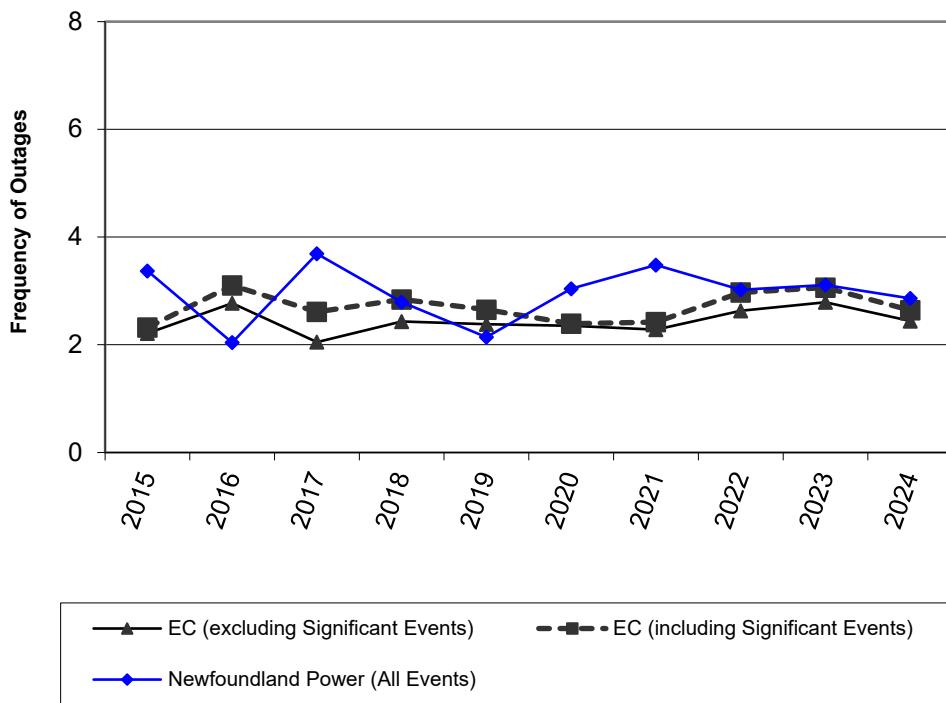
1. Newfoundland Power's reliability performance has fluctuated over the period 2015 to 2024. The fluctuations have been the result of a greater incidence of major system events. When the effect of major events is excluded, the Company's reliability performance has been relatively stable over the last decade.
2. Newfoundland Power's cost performance during the period from 2015 to 2024 indicates an overall stable trend.
3. Newfoundland Power's safety performance has improved since 2015.
4. Comparisons are subject to the limitations noted above; however, Newfoundland Power's performance generally compares favourably to that indicated by trends in the composite data for Canadian and U.S. utilities presented in this report.

Appendix A
Canadian Composite Comparisons

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Canadian Composite Comparisons
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System Average Interruption Frequency Index (SAIFI)



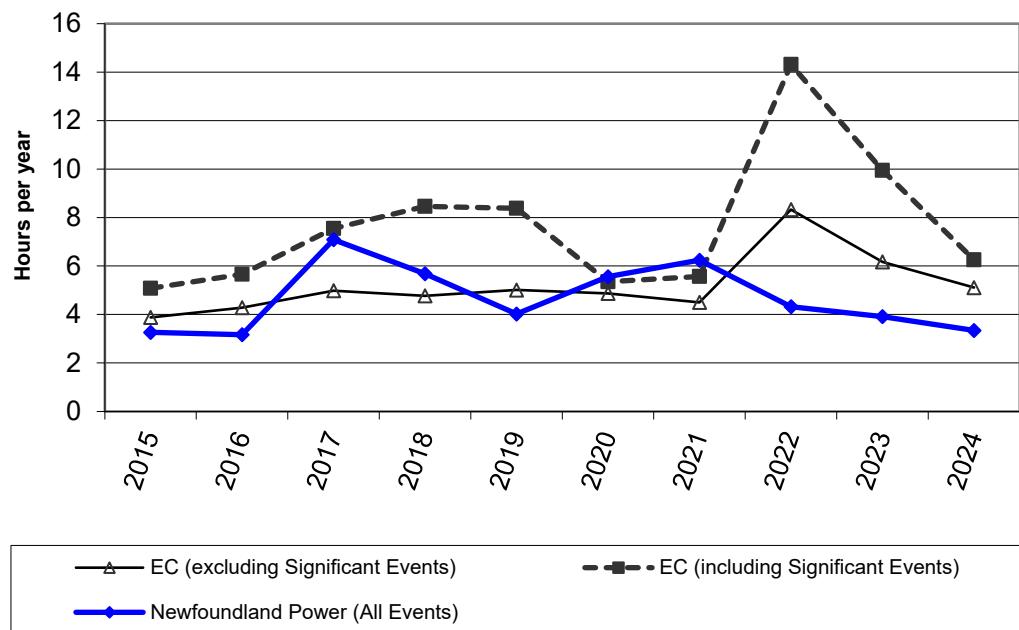
Year	EC (Excluding Significant Events)	EC (Including Significant Events)	Newfoundland Power
2015	2.21	2.32	3.37
2016	2.77	3.10	2.04
2017	2.05	2.61	3.69
2018	2.43	2.84	2.79
2019	2.38	2.65	2.14
2020	2.35	2.39	3.04
2021	2.28	2.42	3.48
2022	2.63	2.97	3.02
2023	2.79	3.06	3.11
2024	2.44	2.64	2.86

SAIFI is a standard industry index representing the average number of interruptions per customers served per year.

The EC trend line reflects the composite performance of participating Canadian utilities (40 participants in 2024). The trend line shows that the frequency of service interruptions to customers has been relatively stable over the period 2015 to 2024.

The Newfoundland Power data reflects severe weather events in March and December of 2017, and Snowmaggedon in 2020. In 2021, data was impacted by Hurricane Larry in September, loss of supply events and severe weather events in December. In 2022, data was impacted by severe weather events in January, more frequent high winds, loss of supply events, Hurricanes Earl and Fiona in September and underfrequency load shedding events related to testing on the Labrador-Island Link in November. In 2023, data was impacted by severe weather events and freezing rain in January and severe weather events, heavy rains and high winds in December. In 2024, data was impacted by equipment failure events associated with radial transmission line 94L and Hydro's Hardwoods substation, as well as a winter storm in December.

System Average Interruption Duration Index (SAIDI)



Year	EC (Excluding Significant Events)	EC (Including Significant Events)	Newfoundland Power
2015	3.88	5.08	3.26
2016	4.28	5.66	3.17
2017	4.98	7.55	7.09
2018	4.77	8.46	5.68
2019	5.01	8.38	4.02
2020	4.87	5.35	5.56
2021	4.50	5.57	6.24
2022	8.33	14.32	4.32
2023	6.17	9.95	3.91
2024	5.11	6.26	3.34

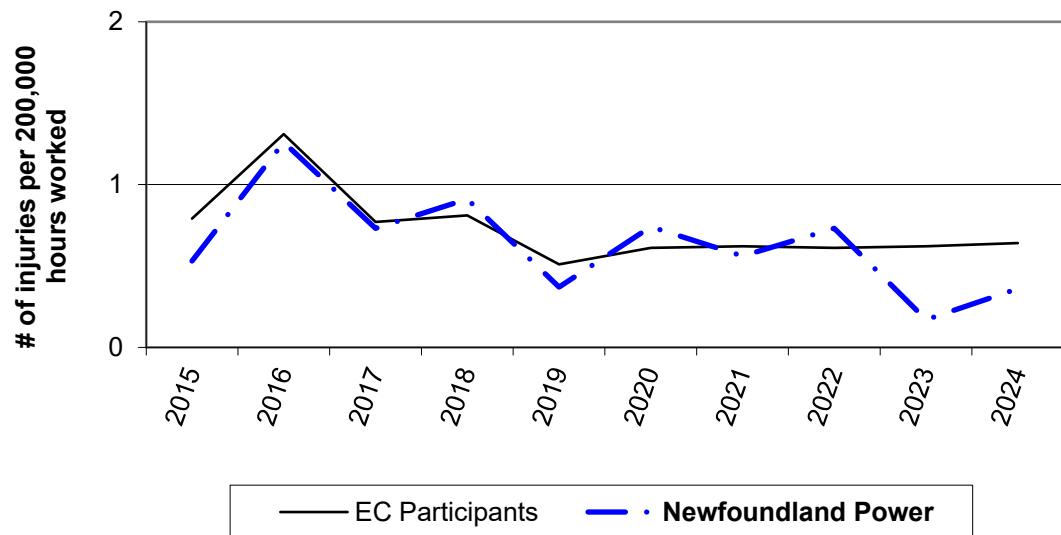
SAIDI is a standard industry index representing the average interruption duration per customer served per year.

The EC trend line reflects the composite performance of participating Canadian utilities (40 participants in 2024). The trend lines show significant variability year-over-year. These fluctuations are principally due to the inclusion of outages caused by significant weather events. When significant events are excluded, there is a relatively stable trend line for the EC composite.

The anomalous results evident in the “EC (including Significant Events)” trend line reflect storms in Ontario in 2017, 2018, 2022, 2023 and 2024, storms in Quebec in 2017, 2018, 2022, 2023 and 2024, and storms in Atlantic Canada in 2019, 2022, 2023 and 2024.

The Newfoundland Power data reflects severe weather events in March and December of 2017, and Snowmaggedon in 2020. In 2021, data was impacted by Hurricane Larry in September, loss of supply events and severe weather events in December. In 2022, data was impacted by severe weather events in January, more frequent high winds, loss of supply events, Hurricanes Earl and Fiona in September and underfrequency load shedding events related to testing on the Labrador-Island Link in November. In 2023, data was impacted by severe weather events and freezing rain in January and severe weather events, heavy rains and high winds in December. In 2024, data was impacted by equipment failure events associated with radial transmission line 94L and Hydro's Hardwoods substation, as well as a winter storm in December.

All Injury Frequency Rate (Injuries per 200,000 hours worked)



Year	EC Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	0.79	0.53
2016	1.31	1.26
2017	0.77	0.73
2018	0.81	0.91
2019	0.51	0.37
2020	0.61	0.74
2021	0.62	0.56
2022	0.61	0.73
2023	0.62	0.17
2024	0.64	0.36

All-injury Frequency Rate represents the rate of disabling injuries and medical-aid injuries per 200,000 exposure hours (hours worked).

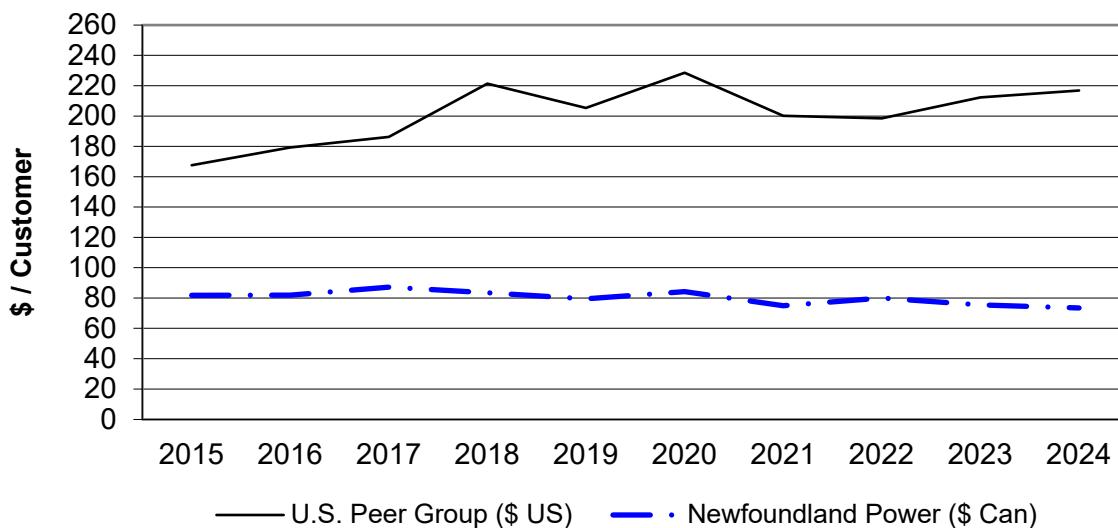
The EC data is a composite of 7 participating Canadian utilities. The EC and Newfoundland Power trend lines show comparable levels of improvement from 2015 through 2024.

Appendix B
U.S. Peer Group
Composite Comparisons

Appendix B
U.S. Peer Group Composite Comparisons
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**Total Distribution Operating
Expense per Customer
(2024\$)**



Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	167.6	81.7
2016	179.3	81.9
2017	186.2	87.2
2018	221.3	83.5
2019	205.3	79.5
2020	228.6	84.3
2021	200.2	75.0
2022	198.5	80.0
2023	212.3	75.4
2024	216.9	73.5

Total Distribution Operating Expense per Customer represents the total cost of operating and maintenance for the distribution function, as defined under the FERC code of accounts, expressed on a per customer account basis and adjusted for inflation. It measures the total direct cost of operating labour and materials, excluding allocated corporate shared services, involved in

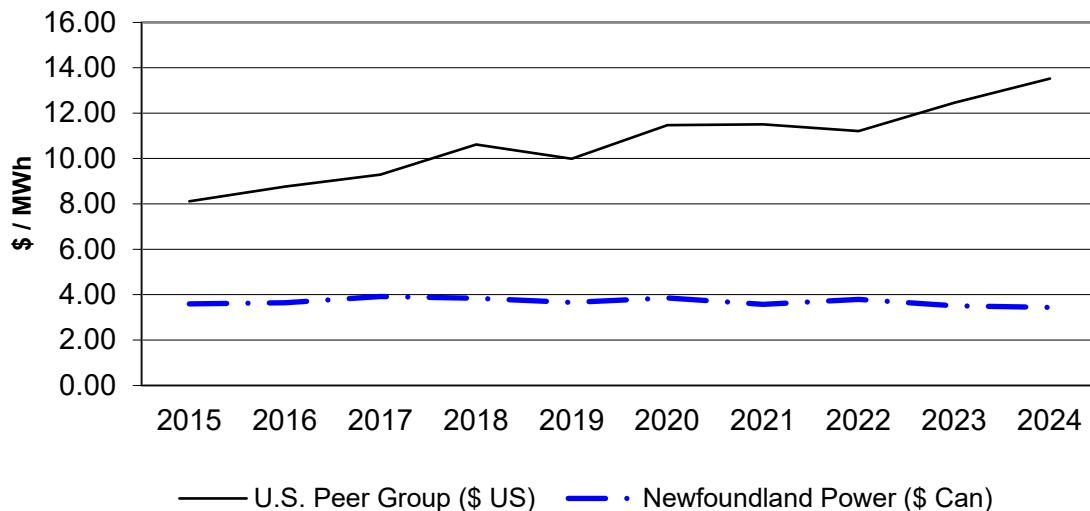
the operation and maintenance of the distribution portion of the electrical system, expressed on a per customer basis.¹

While the numbers fluctuate, the U.S. utility data shows the distribution operating cost per customer to be generally increasing over time. The U.S. utilities' individual 2024 measures range from approximately \$82 to approximately \$369 per customer.

The graph shows a stable trend for Newfoundland Power over the reporting period.

¹ The distribution system is the portion of the electrical system that links the transmission system to customer facilities.

**Total Distribution Operating Expense
per MWh
(2024\$)**



Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	8.11	3.59
2016	8.76	3.64
2017	9.29	3.92
2018	10.62	3.84
2019	9.99	3.66
2020	11.47	3.85
2021	11.51	3.57
2022	11.21	3.79
2023	12.46	3.51
2024	13.53	3.44

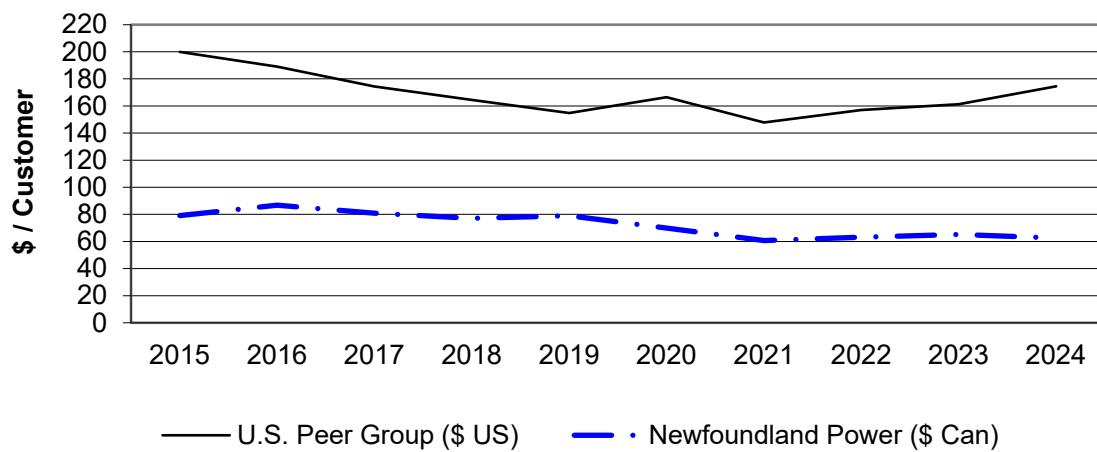
Total Distribution Operating Expense per MWh represents the total cost of operating and maintenance for the distribution function, as defined under the FERC code of accounts, expressed on a per MWh of retail sales basis and adjusted for inflation. It measures the total direct cost of operating labour and materials, excluding allocated corporate shared services, involved in the operation and maintenance of the distribution portion of the electrical system, expressed on a per MWh basis.

The MWh of retail sales includes the total MWh sales of electricity as per retail rate schedules. It does not include sales for resale such as those to other distribution companies and retailers, nor energy interchanged through the power system (usually through transmission facilities).

There is an increasing trend in the U.S. peer group over the reporting period. The U.S. utilities' individual 2024 measures range from approximately \$2 to approximately \$32 per MWh.

The graph shows a stable trend for Newfoundland Power over the reporting period.

**Total Customer Service Expense
per Customer
(2024\$)**



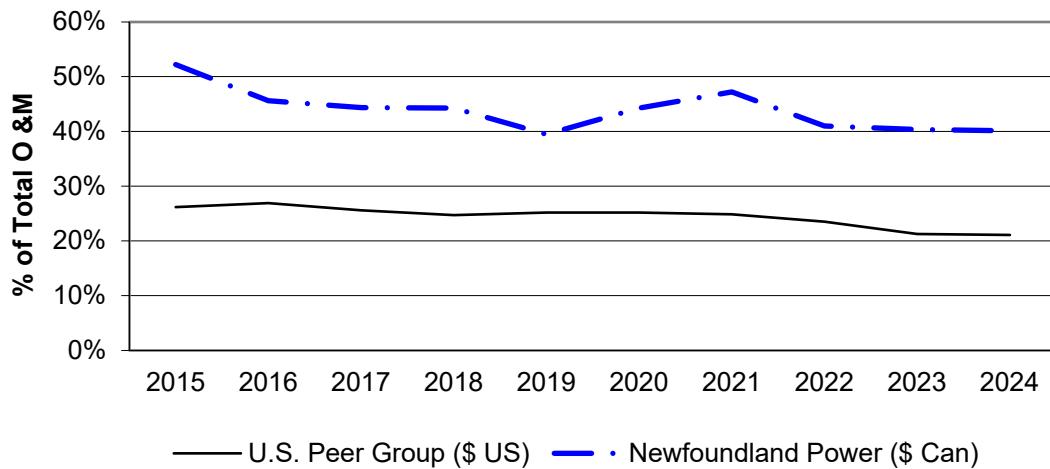
Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	199.9	79.1
2016	189.0	86.8
2017	174.4	80.9
2018	164.5	77.1
2019	154.8	79.0
2020	166.4	69.9
2021	147.9	60.8
2022	157.0	63.2
2023	161.3	65.2
2024	174.5	62.6

Total Customer Service Expense per Customer represents the total cost of operating and maintenance for the customer accounting and customer service functions, as defined under the FERC code of accounts, expressed on a per customer account basis and adjusted for inflation. It measures the total direct cost of operating labour and materials, excluding allocated corporate shared services, associated with the management of customer relations and billing functions, expressed on a per customer account basis.

The U.S. peer group composite data shows a declining trend from 2015 to 2019, variability in 2020 and 2021, and an inclining trend from 2021 to 2024. The U.S. utilities' individual 2024 measures range from approximately \$28 to approximately \$445 per customer.

Newfoundland Power's data indicates a relatively stable trend over the reporting period.

**Total Administration and Other Operating Expense
per Total Operating Expense
(excluding fuel and purchased power)**



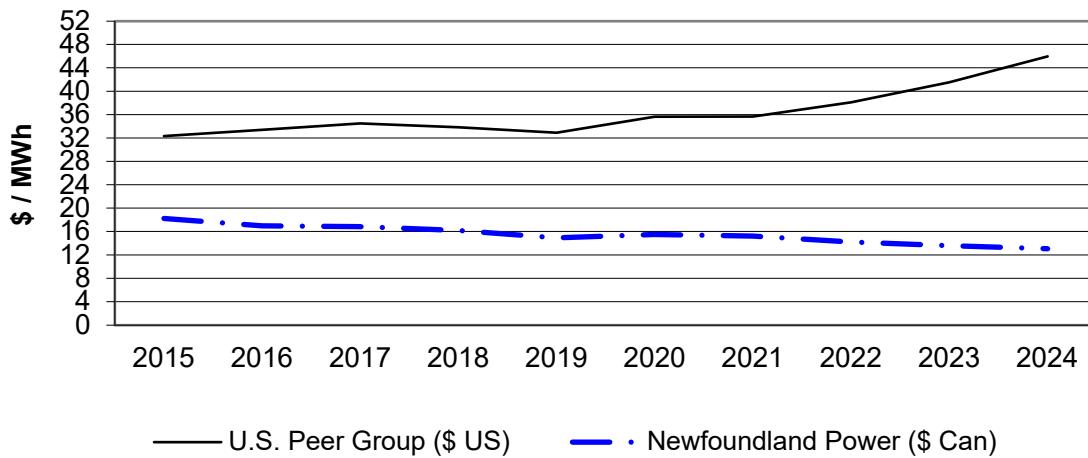
Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	26.2%	52.2%
2016	26.9%	45.6%
2017	25.6%	44.3%
2018	24.7%	44.3%
2019	25.2%	39.5%
2020	25.2%	44.3%
2021	24.9%	47.2%
2022	23.5%	41.0%
2023	21.3%	40.3%
2024	21.1%	40.1%

Total Administration and Other Operating Expense per Total Operating Expense is a ratio of the total administration and general expense to the overall corporate electrical operating and maintenance (“O & M”) expense (excluding fuel and purchased power) as defined by the FERC code of accounts.

The trend line for the U.S. utilities shows a general decline from 2015 to 2024. The U.S. utilities’ individual 2024 measures varied from approximately 4% to 50%.

Newfoundland Power’s data indicates an overall declining trend from 2015 to 2019, an increase to 2021 and a decrease from 2022 to 2024 which primarily reflects changes in pension costs.

**Total Operating Expense
per Energy Sold
(excluding fuel and purchased power)
(2024\$)**



U.S. Peer Group Composite **Newfoundland Power**

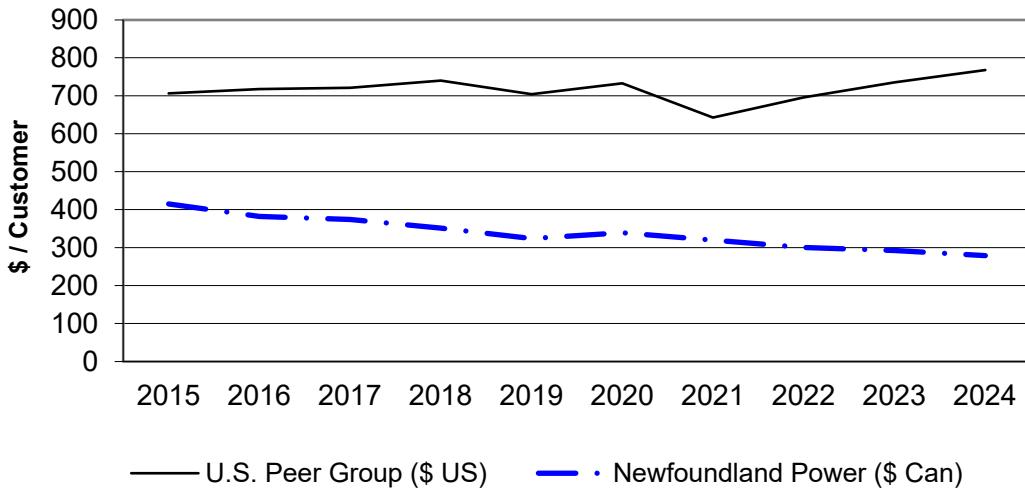
Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	32.3	18.2
2016	33.4	17.0
2017	34.5	16.8
2018	33.8	16.2
2019	32.9	14.9
2020	35.6	15.5
2021	35.7	15.2
2022	38.1	14.2
2023	41.5	13.6
2024	46.0	13.1

Total Operating Expense per Energy Sold represents the electrical operating and maintenance expense (excluding fuel and purchased power), as defined by the FERC code of accounts, expressed on a per MWh of total energy sold basis and adjusted for inflation. Total energy sold includes sales according to retail rate schedules, and sales for resale, such as sales to other distribution companies, sales to retailers, and energy interchanged through the power system (usually through transmission facilities).

The trend line for the U.S. utilities is increasing over the reporting period. The U.S. utilities' individual 2024 measures varied from approximately \$7 to \$148 per MWh.

The graph shows a gradual decline for Newfoundland Power from 2015 to 2024.

**Total Operating Expense
per Customer
(excluding fuel and purchased power)
(2024\$)**



Year	U.S. Peer Group Composite	Newfoundland Power
2015	705.98	415.08
2016	717.65	382.19
2017	721.00	374.15
2018	739.76	351.35
2019	703.96	323.92
2020	732.65	339.05
2021	642.75	319.81
2022	695.68	300.39
2023	735.18	292.19
2024	767.83	279.12

Total Operating Expense per Customer represents the electrical operating and maintenance expense (excluding fuel and purchased power), as defined by the FERC code of accounts, expressed on a customer account basis and adjusted for inflation.

The trend line for the U.S. utilities is increasing over the reporting period. The U.S. utilities' individual measures in 2024 varied from approximately \$268 to approximately \$4,282.

The graph shows a gradual decline for Newfoundland Power during the reporting period.

Appendix C

Companies Included in U.S. Utility Peer Group

Companies Included in U.S. Utility Peer Group

(2024 Information)

Company	Number of Customers	Sales (MWh)	% Production of Total O & M	% Transmission of Total O & M
Ameren Illinois Company	1,227,657	8,676,546	17.3%	9.5%
Atlantic City Electric Company	572,774	8,932,780	10.0%	6.6%
Central Hudson Gas & Electric	268,174	2,950,534	1.4%	5.2%
Delmarva Power & Light Company	554,789	12,246,457	9.3%	7.3%
Duke Energy Kentucky, Inc.	154,073	4,438,541	66.3%	13.8%
Duquesne Light Company	613,787	12,665,917	0.3%	4.6%
Green Mountain Power Corporation	274,636	4,636,274	10.6%	45.2%
Jersey Central Power & Light Company	1,171,836	19,853,722	0.0%	11.1%
Kingsport Power Company	49,488	1,802,729	0.0%	4.9%
Madison Gas and Electric Company	166,128	3,709,643	40.5%	21.3%
New York State Electric & Gas Corporation	921,367	16,798,201	7.2%	6.1%
Orange and Rockland Utilities, Inc.	244,791	4,352,569	0.0%	7.5%
Rockland Electric Company	76,040	1,585,115	0.0%	18.0%
The Narragansett Electric Company	514,663	7,338,851	0.1%	39.3%
Utili Energy Systems, Inc.	81,451	500,314	0.4%	55.9%
Wheeling Power Company	41,242	5,286,334	39.8%	47.2%